

Know **Your** Benefits

RETURNING TO WORK AFTER RETIREMENT

Call IMRF first!

You can face serious financial consequences if you don't follow the laws that apply to receiving a public pension while working for a public sector employer. **You must call IMRF if you plan on working for any IMRF employer after you begin receiving your IMRF pension—even as an independent contractor.**



How working while receiving a pension can hurt you financially

If you are working for an IMRF employer and your pension should be stopped, but you continue to receive it, you may have to pay back a significant amount of money. IMRF is required by law to:

- Recover the total amount of all pension payments you received when they should have been on hold.
- Collect the total amount of the member contributions you should have been making during this time.

This can add up to a large amount of money. You may have to pay this money back from your future pension payments, **which can significantly reduce the amount of your pension for a long time.**

Overview of return to work rules

Return to work rules are complex, and not all rules are listed on this handout. Some of the main points include:

- 1.** If you return to work for an IMRF employer, **keep track of the hours you work.** If you end up working enough hours to reach your employer's hourly standard, you must immediately be enrolled in IMRF and your pension must stop, or you must immediately stop working. See the chart for details.
- 2.** If you retired under the IMRF Early Retirement Incentive, you can **never** work for any IMRF employer, even in a position that does not participate in IMRF or as an independent contractor. *(An exception may exist for certain elected positions.)*
- 3.** If you retired under the Reciprocal Act and are returning to work for a reciprocal retirement system, you should call all systems you retired under to find out how your pension could be affected.
- 4.** If you are a Tier 2 retiree, you have additional restrictions on working after retirement, including working for reciprocal systems even if you did not retire reciprocally, and performing work as an independent contractor. Call IMRF before returning to work for **any** public sector employer in Illinois.

VISIT **WWW.IMRF.ORG** OR CALL 1-800-ASK-IMRF FOR MORE INFORMATION

SEPARATION OF SERVICE RULES



To comply with the Pension Code and IRS regulations, the IMRF Board has adopted new rules.

New rules effective January 1, 2021

These rules apply if your IMRF termination date is on or after January 1, 2021:

- **To be eligible to start an IMRF pension, when you retire, you cannot be working in any capacity for any IMRF employer.** This includes temporary or part-time work (regardless of the number of hours worked), as well as working as an independent contractor or leased employee. *One exception exists for retirees who are elected or appointed to an elected position.*
- **Before retirement and within 60 days after, no pre-arrangement (even an informal one) can be made between you and an IMRF employer that you will return to work.** This includes temporary and part-time work (regardless of the number of hours worked) as well as working as an independent contractor or leased employee. If a pre-arrangement is made prior to or within 60 days after retirement, you will not be eligible to receive an IMRF pension.
- **You cannot work for any IMRF employer for at least 60 days after retiring.** After 60 days from the pension start date, you may return to post-retirement work for an IMRF employer, if there was no pre-arranged agreement made before retirement. If you return to work, the usual return to post-retirement work rules will apply

Consequences of not separating from service

IMRF will immediately suspend your pension if you perform any type or amount of work for any IMRF employer within 60 days of your pension start date, or if you prearrange returning to employment with an IMRF employer after retirement. **If you violate this policy, you must pay back all pension payments that you have received, because you did not truly separate from service.**



FOR MORE INFORMATION

For detailed information about these rules, call 1-800-ASK-IMRF (275-4673).

Manage your
IMRF benefits with
**MEMBER
ACCESS**

VISIT **WWW.IMRF.ORG** TO SIGN
UP FOR YOUR ACCOUNT TODAY!

Rules for Returning to Work for an IMRF employer:

If you return to work for an IMRF employer, you must:

- Contact IMRF to report your return to work and find out your employer's hourly standard.
- Keep track of the hours you work in the 12 months following the first date of your reemployment, and in every 12-month period thereafter.

If within these 12 months you:	Then:
Work below your employer's hourly standard (either 600 or 1,000 hours)	Your pension payments will continue.
Are approaching your employer's hourly standard (either 600 or 1,000 hours) but you want your pension to continue	You must: • Stop working for that employer before you reach either 600 or 1,000 hours. (You can work up to 599 or 999 hours.) • Perform no further work for that IMRF employer until the one-year anniversary of your employment start date. On that date, – Your return-to-work period is reset for the next 12 months. – You can return to work for that employer until you again reach your employer's hourly standard in the following 12 months.
Reach or exceed your employer's hourly standard (either 600 or 1,000 hours)	• You must be re-enrolled in IMRF. • Your pension payments must be put on hold until you stop working for that employer. • When you retire again, your pension will be recalculated using the additional service credit.
Unexpectedly reach your employer's hourly standard (<i>for example you filled in for another employee and went over</i>) but you want your pension to continue	You must: • Immediately stop working for that employer in the same month you reach the hourly standard. • The earliest date you can return to work for that same employer without having your pension stopped is the one-year anniversary date of your employment start date.